SAFETY DATA SHEET

WATTYL EPINAMEL DTM985 PART A CLEAR BASE

200705

Section 1. Identification

Product name : WATTYL EPINAMEL DTM985 PART A

CLEAR BASE

Product type : Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Manufacturer : VALSPAR PAINT (NZ) LIMITED

4-14 Patiki Road.

Avondale, Auckland, NZ 1026

Emergency telephone

number (with hours of operation)

+(64)98010034 (Available 24 hrs/ 7 days)

e-mail address of

person responsible for this SDS

: sds@sherwin.com

Section 2. Hazards identification

HSNO Classification

: 3.1 - FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category C

6.3 - SKIN IRRITATION - Category A

8.3 - CORROSIVE TO OCULAR TISSUE - Category A

6.5 - SENSITIZATION - Category B (Skin) 6.7 - CARCINOGENICITY - Category B

6.8 - REPRODUCTIVE AND DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY - Category B 6.9 - SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE OR REPEATED

EXPOSURE) - Category B

9.1 - AQUATIC ECOTOXICITY - Category A

This material is classified as hazardous according to criteria in the Hazardous Substances (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Regulations 2001 and has been classified according to the Hazardous Substances (Classifications) Regulations 2001.

This product is classified as DANGEROUS GOODS for transport, according to the New Zealand Standard NZS 5433: 2012 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land.

GHS label elements

Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : Flammable liquid and vapor.

Causes skin irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. Suspected of causing cancer.

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

May cause damage to organs.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Very toxic to aquatic life.

Precautionary statements

Prevention

: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use personal protective equipment as required. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from ignition sources such as heat/sparks/open flame. - No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

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Section 2. Hazards identification

Response

: Collect spillage. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Rinse skin with water [or shower]. Wash with plenty of soap and water. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Storage Disposal

: Store locked up. Store in cool/well-ventilated place.

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Symbol











Other hazards which do not result in classification

Other hazards which do not : Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep out of reach of children.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture
Other means of

: Mixture

identification

: Not available.

CAS number/other identifiers

Product code : 200705

| Ingredient name | % (w/w) | CAS number |
|---------------------------------|---------|-------------|
| Talc | 48.5 | 14807-96-6 |
| Epoxy Polymer | 32.0 | 1675-54-3 |
| Methylstyrenated Phenolic Resin | 5.4 | 68512-30-1 |
| Xylene, mixed isomers | 3.6 | 1330-20-7 |
| Nonylphenol | 3.6 | 25154-52-3 |
| Magnesium Carbonate | 2.0 | 546-93-0 |
| Phenylmethanol | 1.2 | 100-51-6 |
| Amide Wax | 1.1 | - |
| 1-Butanol | 1.0 | 71-36-3 |
| Ethylbenzene | 0.6 | 100-41-4 |
| Amide Wax | 0.1 | 100545-48-0 |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Inhalation

: Get medical attention immediately. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

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Section 4. First aid measures

Ingestion

: Get medical attention immediately. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact

: Get medical attention immediately. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Eye contact

: Get medical attention immediately. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Skin : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation redness

blistering may occur reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Eyes : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Specific treatments: Not available.

Notes to physician : No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist

immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Protection of first-aiders: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it

is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing

thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

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Section 4. First aid measures

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable

: Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog) or foam.

Not suitable

: Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Flammable liquid and vapor. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. This material is very toxic to aquatic life. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

 Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide

Hazchem code

: Not available.

metal oxide/oxides

Special precautions for firefighters : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

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Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

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including any incompatibilities

Conditions for safe storage, : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and wellventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

| Ingredient name | Exposure limits |
|-----------------------|--|
| Talc | ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020). TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable |
| Xylene, mixed isomers | fraction NZ HSWA 2015 (New Zealand, 11/2019). WES-TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. WES-TWA: 217 mg/m³ 8 hours. |
| Magnesium Carbonate | NZ HSWA 2015 (New Zealand, 11/2019). WES-TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. |
| 1-Butanol | NZ HSWA 2015 (New Zealand, 11/2019). Absorbed through skin. WES-Ceiling: 50 ppm WES-Ceiling: 150 mg/m³ |
| Ethylbenzene | NZ HSWA 2015 (New Zealand, 11/2019). WES-TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. WES-TWA: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours. WES-STEL: 543 mg/m³ 15 minutes. WES-STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. |

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

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Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Respiratory protection

: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Eye protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

Skin protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid.

Color : Not available.

Odor : Not available.

Odor threshold : Not available.

pH : Not applicable.

Melting point : Not available.

Boiling point : 117°C (242.6°F)

Flash point : Closed cup: 24°C (75.2°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]

Evaporation rate : 0.53 (butyl acetate = 1)

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available.

Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits : Lower: 1% Upper: 13%

Vapor pressure : 0.79 kPa (5.9 mm Hg) [at 20°C]

Vapor density : 2.55 [Air = 1]

Relative density : 1.55

Solubility : Not available.

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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature Not available. **Decomposition temperature** Not available.

: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >0.205 cm²/s (>20.5 cSt) Viscosity

Aerosol product

Type of aerosol : Not applicable. : 3.711 kJ/g **Heat of combustion** Ignition distance : Not applicable. **Enclosed space ignition -**: Not applicable.

Time equivalent

Enclosed space ignition -

Deflagration density

: Not applicable.

Flame height : Not applicable. Flame duration : Not applicable.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld,

braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not

allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.

Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: Incompatible materials

oxidizing materials

Hazardous decomposition

products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products

should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on the likely routes of exposure

Inhalation No known significant effects or critical hazards. Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Ingestion Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> stomach pains reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Eye contact

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

watering redness

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|---------|-------------------------|----------|
| Epoxy Polymer | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 20 g/kg | - |
| Xylene, mixed isomers | LC50 Inhalation Gas. | Rat | 6700 ppm | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 4300 mg/kg | - |
| Nonylphenol | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 2140 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 580 mg/kg | - |
| Magnesium Carbonate | LD50 Oral | Rat | 8000 mg/kg | - |
| Phenylmethanol | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 2000 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 1230 mg/kg | - |
| 1-Butanol | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat | 24000 mg/m ³ | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 3400 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 790 mg/kg | - |
| Ethylbenzene | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >5000 mg/kg | - |
| - | LD50 Oral | Rat | 3500 mg/kg | - |

Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Score | Exposure | Observation |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|---------|-------|---------------|-------------|
| Talc | Skin - Mild irritant | Human | _ | 72 hours 300 | - |
| | | | | ug I | |
| Epoxy Polymer | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 2 | - |
| | | | | mg | |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 500 mg | - |
| Xylene, mixed isomers | Eyes - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 87 mg | - |
| | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 5 | - |
| | | | | mg | |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Rat | - | 8 hours 60 uL | - |
| | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 500 | - |
| | | | | mg | |
| | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 100 % | - |
| Nonylphenol | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 500 mg | - |
| Phenylmethanol | Skin - Mild irritant | Man | - | 48 hours 16 | - |
| | | | | mg | |
| | Skin - Moderate irritant | Pig | - | 100 % | - |
| | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 100 | - |
| | | | | mg | |
| 1-Butanol | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 2 | - |
| | | | | mg | |
| | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 0.005 MI | - |
| | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 20 | - |
| | | | | mg | |
| Ethylbenzene | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 500 mg | - |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | [- | 24 hours 15 | - |
| | | | | mg | |

Sensitization

Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

General: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed

to very low levels.

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Eye contact

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Carcinogenicity

: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

Mutagenicity

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity

: Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Developmental effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects

: Suspected of damaging fertility.

Chronic toxicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity

| Name | 3 3 3 | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|-----------------------|------------|----------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Xylene, mixed isomers | Category B | Oral Inhalation | Not determined Not determined |
| Amide Wax | Category B | Oral Skin Inhalation | lungs lungs lungs |
| Ethylbenzene | Category B | Inhalation | Not determined |

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

| Route | ATE value |
|---------------------|----------------|
| Oral | 6361.93 mg/kg |
| Dermal | 23894.92 mg/kg |
| Inhalation (vapors) | 993.24 mg/l |

Section 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

: This material is very toxic to aquatic life.

Aquatic and terrestrial toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------|
| Xylene, mixed isomers | Acute LC50 8500 μg/l Marine water | Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Pimephales promelas | 96 hours |
| Nonylphenol | Acute EC50 0.056 mg/l Fresh water | Algae - Desmodesmus subspicatus | 72 hours |
| | Acute EC50 104 μg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate | 48 hours |
| | Acute EC50 96 μg/l Fresh water | Fish - Pimephales promelas - Fry | 96 hours |

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Section 12. Ecological information

| | Acute LC50 6.2 µg/l Marine water | Crustaceans - Artemia sinica | 48 hours |
|----------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|----------|
| | Chronic EC10 0.003 mg/l Fresh water | Algae - Desmodesmus | 72 hours |
| | | subspicatus | |
| | Chronic NOEC 901 µg/l Fresh water | Aquatic plants - Lemna minor | 96 hours |
| | Chronic NOEC 1 µg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna | 21 days |
| | Chronic NOEC 2.9 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Oryzias latipes - Fry | 100 days |
| Phenylmethanol | Acute LC50 10000 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Lepomis macrochirus | 96 hours |
| 1-Butanol | Acute EC50 1983 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 1730000 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Pimephales promelas | 96 hours |
| Ethylbenzene | Acute EC50 4600 µg/l Fresh water | Algae - Pseudokirchneriella | 72 hours |
| | | subcapitata | |
| | Acute EC50 3600 µg/l Fresh water | Algae - Pseudokirchneriella | 96 hours |
| | | subcapitata | |
| | Acute EC50 6.53 mg/l Marine water | Crustaceans - Artemia sp | 48 hours |
| | | Nauplii | |
| | Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna - | 48 hours |
| | | Neonate | |
| | Acute LC50 4200 μg/l Fresh water | Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss | 96 hours |
| | | | |

Persistence/degradability

| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|-------------------------|-------------------|------------|------------------|
| Xylene, mixed isomers | - | - | Readily |
| Phenylmethanol | - | - | Readily |
| 1-Butanol | - | - | Readily |
| Ethylbenzene | - | - | Readily |

Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
|-------------------------|--------|-------------|-----------|
| Xylene, mixed isomers | | 8.1 to 25.9 | low |
| Nonylphenol | | 154.88 | low |

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

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Section 14. Transport information

| Regulatory information | UN number | Proper shipping name | Classes | PG* | Label | Marine Pollutant |
|------------------------|-----------|---|---------|-----|--|--|
| New Zealand Class | UN1263 | PAINT. Marine pollutant (Epoxy Polymer, Nonylphenol) | 3 | III | TAMMAGE VEGICIES OF THE PARTY O | Yes. |
| ADG Class | UN1263 | PAINT | 3 | III | (b) | Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required. |
| UN Class | UN1263 | PAINT | 3 | III | | Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required. |
| ADR/RID Class | UN1263 | PAINT | 3 | III | | Yes. |
| IATA Class | UN1263 | PAINT | 3 | III | | Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required. |
| IMDG Class | UN1263 | PAINT. Marine pollutant (Nonylphenol) | 3 | III | 1 | Marine pollutant |

Additional information

New Zealand Class : The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported by road or rail.

Hazchem code •3Y

ADG Class : <u>Hazchem code</u> •3Y

UN Class : -

ADR/RID Class : The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in

sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

Tunnel code D/E

IATA Class : The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other

transportation regulations.

IMDG Class : The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

Emergency schedules F-E, S-E

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Section 14. Transport information

PG*: Packing group

NZ NZS 14 Hazchem Code : Not available.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

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the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available.

to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

HSNO Approval Number : HSR002669

HSNO Group Standard : Surface coatings and colourants

HSNO Classification : 3.1 - FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category C

6.3 - SKIN IRRITATION - Category A

8.3 - CORROSIVE TO OCULAR TISSUE - Category A

6.5 - SENSITIZATION - Category B (Skin) 6.7 - CARCINOGENICITY - Category B

6.8 - REPRODUCTIVE AND DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY - Category B 6.9 - SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE OR REPEATED

EXPOSURE) - Category B

9.1 - AQUATIC ECOTOXICITY - Category A

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product

: No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Section 16. Other information

History

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Section 16. Other information

Key to abbreviations

: ADG = Australian Dangerous Goods

ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of

Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods

by Rail

SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

References

: Not available.

▼ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by the manufacturer, including but not limited to the incorporation of products not specified by the manufacturer, or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by the manufacturer. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.

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