SAFETY DATA SHEET

WATTYL POLY U750 PART A

N61 BLACK 60029

202411

Section 1. Identification

Product name	: WATTYL POLY U75 N61 BLACK 60029	60 PART A	
Product type	: Liquid.		
Relevant identified use	es of the substance or mixtur	<u>e and uses advise</u>	ed against
		Manufacturer	: VALSPAR PAINT (NZ) LIMITED 4-14 Patiki Road, Avondale, Auckland, NZ 1026
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: +(64)98010034 (Available 24 hrs/ 7 days)		

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS

: sds@sherwin.com

Section 2. Hazards identification

HSNO Classification	 3.1 - FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category C 6.3 - SKIN IRRITATION - Category B 6.4 - EYE IRRITATION - Category A (Irritant) 6.5 - SENSITIZATION - Category B (Skin) 6.7 - CARCINOGENICITY - Category B 6.8 - REPRODUCTIVE AND DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY - Category B 6.9 - SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE OR REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category B
	as hazardous according to criteria in the Hazardous Substances (Minimum Degrees of and has been classified according to the Hazardous Substances (Classifications)
This product is classified a 2012 Transport of Danger	as DANGEROUS GOODS for transport, according to the New Zealand Standard NZS 5433: rous Goods on Land.
GHS label elements	

GHS label elements

Signal word	: Warning
Hazard statements	 Flammable liquid and vapor. Causes mild skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use personal protective equipment as required. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from ignition sources such as heat/sparks/open flame No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower]. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if exposed or you feel unwell. Get medical advice/attention.
Version : 12.04	Date of issue/Date of revision : 12, July, 2021

Section 2. Hazards identification

Symbol	
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in cool/well-ventilated place.



Other hazards which do not result in classification

Other hazards which do not : Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep out of reach of children.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

: 202411

Substance/mixture	1	Mixture
Other means of	:	Not available.
identification		
CAS number/other identifiers		

Product code

Ingredient name	% (w/w)	CAS number
n-Butyl Acetate	10.1	123-86-4
Ethyl 3-Ethoxypropionate	7.4	763-69-9
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	5.9	108-65-6
Xylene, mixed isomers	2.1	1330-20-7
Carbon Black	2.0	1333-86-4
Di-isobutyl Ketone	1.0	108-83-8
Bis(pentamethyl-4-piperidyl)sebacate	0.4	41556-26-7
Ethylbenzene	0.4	100-41-4
Methyl pentamethylpiperidyl sebacate	0.1	82919-37-7

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Section 4. First aid measures

	-	
Skin contact	:	Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Eye contact	-	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Most important symptoms/e	ffec	cts, acute and delayed
Potential acute health effect	<u>cts</u>	
Inhalation	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion		No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact		Causes mild skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Eye contact		Causes serious eye irritation.
Over-exposure signs/symp		
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Eyes	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Indication of immediate med	<u>dica</u>	l attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Specific treatments		Not available.
Notes to physician	:	In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Protection of first-aiders		No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.
San toxical aginal information	n /9	Section 11)

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable Not suitable	 Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam. Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Hazardous thermal decomposition products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
Hazchem code	:	Not available.
Special precautions for fire- fighters	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	onta	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or

Section 7. Handling and storage

	containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits		
n-Butyl Acetate	NZ HSWA 2015 (New Zealand, 11/2019). WES-TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. WES-TWA: 713 mg/m ³ 8 hours. WES-STEL: 950 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. WES-STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.		
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 548 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 274 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.		
Xylene, mixed isomers	NZ HSWA 2015 (New Zealand, 11/2019). WES-TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. WES-TWA: 217 mg/m ³ 8 hours.		
Carbon Black	NZ HSWA 2015 (New Zealand, 11/2019). WES-TWA: 3 mg/m ³ 8 hours.		
Di-isobutyl Ketone	NZ HSWA 2015 (New Zealand, 11/2019). WES-TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. WES-TWA: 145 mg/m ³ 8 hours.		
Ethylbenzene	NZ HSWA 2015 (New Zealand, 11/2019). WES-TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. WES-TWA: 434 mg/m ³ 8 hours. WES-STEL: 543 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. WES-STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.		
controls ventilation or other en contaminants below also need to keep ga	ate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ngineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering control s, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive n-proof ventilation equipment.		
controls they comply with the cases, fume scrubbe	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.		
ndividual protection measures			

Hygiene measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Respiratory protection	: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Eye protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>		
Physical state	1	Liquid.
Color	1	Not available.
Odor	1	Not available.
Odor threshold	1	Not available.
рН	1	Not applicable.
Melting point	1	Not available.
Boiling point	1	123°C (253.4°F)
Flash point	1	Closed cup: 23°C (73.4°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]
Evaporation rate	1	1 (butyl acetate = 1)
Flammability (solid, gas)	1	Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	1	Lower: 0.8% Upper: 13.1%
Vapor pressure	:	1.3 kPa (10 mm Hg) [at 20°C]
Vapor density	1	3.66 [Air = 1]
Relative density	1	1.15
Solubility	1	Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	1	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	1	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >0.205 cm²/s (>20.5 cSt)
Aerosol product		
Type of aerosol	1	Not applicable.
Heat of combustion	1	8.756 kJ/g
Ignition distance	:	Not applicable.
Enclosed space ignition - Time equivalent	1	Not applicable.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Enclosed space ignition - Deflagration density	: Not applicable.
Flame height	: Not applicable.
Flame duration	: Not applicable.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.
Incompatible materials	 Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on the like	<u>y routes of exposure</u>
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Causes mild skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Symptoms related to	e physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
n-Butyl Acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10768 mg/kg	-
Ethyl 3-Ethoxypropionate	LD50 Oral	Rat	3200 mg/kg	-
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8532 mg/kg	-
Xylene, mixed isomers	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	6700 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
Carbon Black	LD50 Oral	Rat	>15400 mg/kg	-

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Section 11. Toxicological information

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Di-isobutyl Ketone	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	16120 mg/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	5750 mg/kg	-
Ethylbenzene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-

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Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
n-Butyl Acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
2	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
Ethyl 3-Ethoxypropionate	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
Xylene, mixed isomers	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 uL	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
Di-isobutyl Ketone	Eyes - Mild irritant	Human	-	15 minutes	-
				25 ppm	
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 10	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
Ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15	-
				mg	

Sensitization

Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

General: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Inhalation: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Skin contact: Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.Eye contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Carcinogenicity: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Teratogenicity: Suspected of damaging the unborn child.Developmental effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Fertility effects: Suspected of damaging fertility.Chronic toxicity: Suspected of damaging fertility.Not available.: Suspected of damaging fertility.		
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Fertility effects : Suspected of damaging fertility. Chronic toxicity . Not available. . Carcinogenicity .	Teratogenicity	: Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
Chronic toxicity Not available. Carcinogenicity	Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Not available. Carcinogenicity	Fertility effects	: Suspected of damaging fertility.
Carcinogenicity	Chronic toxicity	
	Not available.	
Not available.	Carcinogenicity	
	Not available.	
Mutagenicity	Mutagenicity	

Not available.

Teratogenicity Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Version : 12.04

Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
Xylene, mixed isomers	Category B	Oral Inhalation	Not determined Not determined
Ethylbenzene	Category B	Inhalation	Not determined

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value	
Oral Dermal Inhalation (dusts and mists)	9716.66 mg/kg 52163.95 mg/kg 14.85 mg/l	

Section 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
n-Butyl Acetate	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	48 hours
	Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Xylene, mixed isomers	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 4600 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 3600 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
	Acute EC50 6.53 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours

Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
n-Butyl Acetate	-	-	Readily
Xylene, mixed isomers	-	-	Readily
Ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Xylene, mixed isomers	-	8.1 to 25.9	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition
coefficient (Koc): Not available.Other adverse effects: No known signed

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Marine Pollutant
New Zealand Class	UN1263	PAINT	3		PLANDER.	No.
ADG Class	UN1263	PAINT	3			No.
UN Class	UN1263	PAINT	3			No.
ADR/RID Class	UN1263	PAINT	3	111		No.
IATA Class	UN1263	PAINT	3	111		No.
IMDG Class	UN1263	PAINT	3			Not a pollutant.

Additional

information		
New Zealand Class	1	Hazchem code •3Y
ADG Class	1	Hazchem code •3Y
UN Class	1	-
ADR/RID Class	1	Tunnel code D/E
IATA Class	1	-
IMDG Class	1	Emergency schedules F-E, S-E
PG* : Packing group		
NZ NZS 14 Hazchem Code		: Not available.

Section 14. Transport information

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

HSNO Approval Number	: HSR002669
HSNO Group Standard	: Surface coatings and colourants
HSNO Classification	 3.1 - FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category C 6.3 - SKIN IRRITATION - Category B 6.4 - EYE IRRITATION - Category A (Irritant) 6.5 - SENSITIZATION - Category B (Skin) 6.7 - CARCINOGENICITY - Category B 6.8 - REPRODUCTIVE AND DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY - Category B 6.9 - SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE OR REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category B
Safety, health and environmental regulations	: No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

specific for the product

International regulations

<u>Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals</u> Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC) Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Section 16. Other information

History	
Date of printing	: 12, July, 2021.
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 12, July, 2021
Date of previous issue	: 08, July, 2021
Version	: 12.04
Key to abbreviations	 ADG = Australian Dangerous Goods ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

Section 16. Other information

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

References

: Not available. Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

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