## **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

WATTYL POLY U750 PART A

WHITE/LIGHT BASE

202401

### Section 1. Identification

Product name	: WATTYL POLY U750 PART A WHITE/LIGHT BASE	
Product type	: Liquid.	
Relevant identified uses	of the substance or mixture and uses advise	d against
	Manufacturer	: VALSF 4-14 F

: VALSPAR PAINT (NZ) LIMITED 4-14 Patiki Road, Avondale, Auckland, NZ 1026

Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	•	+(64)98010034 (Available 24 hrs/ 7 days)
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	:	sds@sherwin.com

### Section 2. Hazards identification

HSNO Classification	<ul> <li>3.1 - FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category C</li> <li>6.3 - SKIN IRRITATION - Category B</li> <li>6.4 - EYE IRRITATION - Category A (Irritant)</li> <li>6.5 - SENSITIZATION - Category B (Skin)</li> <li>6.7 - CARCINOGENICITY - Category B</li> <li>6.8 - REPRODUCTIVE AND DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY - Category B</li> <li>6.9 - SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE OR REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category B</li> </ul>
	as hazardous according to criteria in the Hazardous Substances (Minimum Degrees of 1 and has been classified according to the Hazardous Substances (Classifications)
2012 Transport of Dange	as DANGEROUS GOODS for transport, according to the New Zealand Standard NZS 5433: rous Goods on Land.
GHS label elements	
Signal word	: Warning
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>Flammable liquid and vapor. Causes mild skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs.</li> </ul>
Precautionary stateme	<u>nts</u>
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use personal protective equipment as required. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from ignition sources such as heat/sparks/open flame No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower]. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if exposed or you feel unwell. Get medical advice/attention.

#### Section 2. Hazards identification

Symbol	
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in cool/well-ventilated place.



Other hazards which do not result in classification

Other hazards which do not : Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep out of reach of children.

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	:	Mixture
Other means of identification	:	Not available.
<b>CAS number/other identifiers</b>		
Product code	:	202401

Ingredient name	% (w/w)	CAS number
Titanium Dioxide	19.6	13463-67-7
n-Butyl Acetate	7.7	123-86-4
Ethyl 3-Ethoxypropionate	7.0	763-69-9
Xylene, mixed isomers	2.6	1330-20-7
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1.6	108-65-6
Ethylbenzene	0.5	100-41-4
Bis(pentamethyl-4-piperidyl)sebacate	0.3	41556-26-7
Methyl pentamethylpiperidyl sebacate	0.1	82919-37-7

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

### Section 4. First aid measures

Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing an shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. It the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.	r n		
Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and low eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at leas minutes. Get medical attention.			
Most important symptoms/	ects, acute and delayed			
Potential acute health effe	<u>è</u>			
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Skin contact	: Causes mild skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.			
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.			
Over-exposure signs/symptoms				
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations			
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations			
Skin	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations			
Eyes	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness			
Indication of immediate me	cal attention and special treatment needed, if necessary			
Specific treatments	: Not available.			
Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delay. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hou			
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitat Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.			

See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Not suitable	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Hazardous thermal decomposition products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
Hazchem code	:	Not available.
Special precautions for fire- fighters	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	nta	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

### Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissinate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding
	explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding

### Section 7. Handling and storage

	containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name		Exposure limits		
Titanium Dioxide		NZ HSWA 2015 (New Zealand, 11/2019). WES-TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: The value for inhalable dust containing no asbestos and less than 1% free silica.		
n-Butyl Acetate		NZ HSWA 2015 (New Zealand, 11/2019). WES-TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. WES-TWA: 713 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. WES-STEL: 950 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. WES-STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.		
Xylene, mixed isomers		NZ HSWA 2015 (New Zealand, 11/2019). WES-TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. WES-TWA: 217 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.		
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl ac	etate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 548 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 274 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.		
Ethylbenzene		STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. <b>NZ HSWA 2015 (New Zealand, 11/2019).</b> WES-TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. WES-TWA: 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. WES-STEL: 543 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. WES-STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.		
Appropriate engineering controls	contaminants below any recommend	ols to keep worker exposure to airborne led or statutory limits. The engineering control concentrations below any lower explosive		
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.			
ndividual protection measu	res			
Hygiene measures	eating, smoking and using the lavato Appropriate techniques should be us Contaminated work clothing should r	roughly after handling chemical products, befo ry and at the end of the working period. ed to remove potentially contaminated clothing not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash g. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety location.		

Respiratory protection	se a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying w andard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respira based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of e safe working limits of the selected respirator.	tor selection must
Hand protection	nemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved e worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk asse is is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glo leck during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective p would be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove materi fferent for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures everal substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be ac stimated.	essment indicates ve manufacturer, properties. It al may be , consisting of
Eye protection	afety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be us seessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid uses or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection shound ness the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: ch oggles.	splashes, mists, Ild be worn,
Skin protection	ersonal protective equipment for the body should be selected bas sing performed and the risks involved and should be approved by fore handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from ear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from scharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and g	/ a specialist static electricity, n static

### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

1	Liquid.
1	Not available.
1	Not available.
1	Not available.
1	Not applicable.
1	Not available.
:	123°C (253.4°F)
1	Closed cup: 23°C (73.4°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]
1	1 (butyl acetate = 1)
:	Not available.
:	Lower: 1% Upper: 13.1%
:	1.3 kPa (10 mm Hg) [at 20°C]
1	3.66 [Air = 1]
1	1.34
:	Not available.
:	Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >0.205 cm²/s (>20.5 cSt)
1	Not applicable.
1	6.422 kJ/g
:	Not applicable.
:	Not applicable.

SHW-A4-AP-HSN44-NZ

### **Section 9. Physical and chemical properties**

Enclosed space ignition - Deflagration density	: Not applicable.
Flame height	: Not applicable.
Flame duration	: Not applicable.

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.
Incompatible materials	<ul> <li>Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials</li> </ul>
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

### Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on the like	ely routes of exposure
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Causes mild skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Symptoms related to	the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
n-Butyl Acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
,	LD50 Oral	Rat	10768 mg/kg	-
Ethyl 3-Ethoxypropionate	LD50 Oral	Rat	3200 mg/kg	-
Xylene, mixed isomers	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	6700 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8532 mg/kg	-
Ethylbenzene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-

# Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Titanium Dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 300 ug l	-
n-Butyl Acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
-	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
Ethyl 3-Ethoxypropionate	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
Xylene, mixed isomers	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 uL	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
Ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
-	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15 mg	-

Rat

3500 mg/kg

-

**Sensitization** 

Not available.

#### **Potential chronic health effects**

r otential chi onic nealth ei	
General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	<ul> <li>Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.</li> </ul>
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
<b>Developmental effects</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: Suspected of damaging fertility.
Chronic toxicity	
Not available.	
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	
Not available.	
Mutagenicity	
Not available.	
Teratogenicity	
Not available.	
Reproductive toxicity	

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity

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### Section 11. Toxicological information

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
Xylene, mixed isomers	Category B		Not determined Not determined
Ethylbenzene	Category B	Inhalation	Not determined

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

#### **Numerical measures of toxicity**

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value	
Oral Dermal Inhalation (dusts and mists)	11948.88 mg/kg 41710.91 mg/kg 19.39 mg/l	

### Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Ecotoxicity**

<b>Aquatic</b>	and	terrestrial	toxicity

2	No known	significant	effects or	critical	hazards.
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Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Titanium Dioxide	Acute LC50 >1000000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours
n-Butyl Acetate	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Xylene, mixed isomers	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 4600 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 3600 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
	Acute EC50 6.53 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours

#### Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
n-Butyl Acetate	-	-	Readily
Xylene, mixed isomers	-	-	Readily
Ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Xylene, mixed isomers	-	8.1 to 25.9	low

#### **Mobility in soil**

: Not available.

coefficient (Koc) Other adverse effects

Soil/water partition

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### Section 14. Transport information

UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Marine Pollutant
UN1263	PAINT	3	111	PLANABLE	No.
UN1263	PAINT	3			No.
UN1263	PAINT	3	111		No.
UN1263	PAINT	3			No.
UN1263	PAINT	3			No.
UN1263	PAINT	3			Not a pollutant.
	UN1263 UN1263 UN1263 UN1263	nameUN1263PAINTUN1263PAINTUN1263PAINTUN1263PAINTUN1263PAINT	nameUN1263PAINT3UN1263PAINT3UN1263PAINT3UN1263PAINT3UN1263PAINT3UN1263PAINT3	nameUN1263PAINT3IIIUN1263PAINT3IIIUN1263PAINT3IIIUN1263PAINT3IIIUN1263PAINT3IIIUN1263PAINT3III	namenameUN1263PAINT3IIIUN1263PAINT3IIIUN1263PAINT3IIIUN1263PAINT3IIIUN1263PAINT3IIIUN1263PAINT3IIIUN1263PAINT3III

Additional

information		
New Zealand Class	1	Hazchem code •3Y
ADG Class	1	Hazchem code •3Y
UN Class	1	-
ADR/RID Class	1	<u>Tunnel code</u> D/E
IATA Class	1	-
IMDG Class	1	Emergency schedules F-E, S-E
PG* : Packing group		
NZ NZS 14 Hazchem Code		: Not available.

#### Section 14. Transport information

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

#### Section 15. Regulatory information

HSNO Approval Number	: HSR002669
HSNO Group Standard	: Surface coatings and colourants
HSNO Classification	<ul> <li>3.1 - FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category C</li> <li>6.3 - SKIN IRRITATION - Category B</li> <li>6.4 - EYE IRRITATION - Category A (Irritant)</li> <li>6.5 - SENSITIZATION - Category B (Skin)</li> <li>6.7 - CARCINOGENICITY - Category B</li> <li>6.8 - REPRODUCTIVE AND DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY - Category B</li> <li>6.9 - SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE OR REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category B</li> </ul>
Safety, health and environmental regulations	: No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

specific for the product

#### International regulations

<u>Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals</u> Not listed.

**Montreal Protocol** 

Not listed.

#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC) Not listed.

#### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

#### Section 16. Other information

History	
Date of printing	: 16, June, 2021.
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 16, June, 2021
Date of previous issue	: 14, April, 2021
Version	: 10.01
Key to abbreviations	<ul> <li>ADG = Australian Dangerous Goods         ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of             Dangerous Goods by Road          ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate          BCF = Bioconcentration Factor          GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals          IATA = International Air Transport Association          IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container          IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods          LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient          MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,</li></ul>

#### Section 16. Other information

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

#### References

: Not available. Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by the manufacturer, including but not limited to the incorporation of products not specified by the manufacturer, or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by the manufacturer. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.