SAFETY DATA SHEET

WATTYL SUPER ETCH PRIMER

GREY

123907

Section 1. Identification

Product name	: WATTYL SUPER ETCH PRIMER GREY
Product type	: Liquid.
Relevant identified use	s of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Manufacturer	: VALSPAR PAINT (NZ) LIMITED 4-14 Patiki Road, Avondale, Auckland, NZ 1026
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: +(64)98010034 (Available 24 hrs/ 7 days)
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	: sds@sherwin.com

Section 2. Hazards identification

HSNO Classification	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
This material is classified a Notice 2020.	is hazardous according to criteria in the Hazardous Substances (Hazard Classification)
This product is classified a 2012 Transport of Dangero	s DANGEROUS GOODS for transport, according to the New Zealand Standard NZS 5433: bus Goods on Land.
GHS label elements	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Harmful if swallowed. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statemen	<u>ts</u>
General	Do not apply directly into or onto water. Take all reasonable steps to ensure that the substance does not cause any significant adverse effects to the environment beyond the application area.

Section 2. Hazards identification

Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection, or hearing protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapour. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	: Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
Storage	: Store locked up.
Disposal	 Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Symbol	
Other hazarde which	do not : Places refer to the SDS for additional information. Keen out of reach of children

Other hazards which do not : Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep out of reach of children. result in classification

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

: 123907

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

CAS number/other identifiers

Product code

Ingredient name	% (w/w)	CAS number
Ethanol	26.5	64-17-5
Toluene	16.8	108-88-3
N-Butanol	14.9	71-36-3
Ethyl Acetate	9.1	141-78-6
Xylene, mixed isomers	9.0	1330-20-7
Zinc Phosphate	3.0	7779-90-0
Talc	3.0	14807-96-6
Titanium Dioxide	2.3	13463-67-7
Epoxy Polymer	2.1	25068-38-6
2-Butoxyethyl Acetate	1.6	112-07-2
Ethylbenzene	1.6	100-41-4
Carbon Black	0.3	1333-86-4
zinc oxide	0.1	1314-13-2

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Inhalation	-	Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Ingestion	:	Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	:	Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Eye contact	:	Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
Most important symptoms/ef	fec	ets, acute and delayed
Potential acute health effect	s	
Inhalation	1	May cause damage to organs following a single exposure if inhaled.
Ingestion	:	Harmful if swallowed. May cause damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Skin contact	-	May cause damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Eye contact	1	Causes serious eye damage.
Over-exposure signs/sympt		
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains nausea or vomiting reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Section 4. First aid measures

Eyes	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Indication of immediate me	<u>dica</u>	l attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Specific treatments	:	No specific treatment.
Notes to physician	:	Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media		
Suitable	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.	
Not suitable	: Do not use water jet.	
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.	
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide phosphorus oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides	
Hazchem code	: •3YE	
Special precautions for fire- fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident is there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.	F
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.	

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protect	tiv	e equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spill product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not swallow. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Ethanol	NZ HSWA 2015 - GRWM 2016 (New
	Zealand, 11/2020).
	WES-TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.
	WES-TWA: 1880 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Toluene	NZ HSWA 2015 - GRWM 2016 (New
	Zealand, 11/2020). Absorbed through skin.
	WES-TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	WES-TWA: 188 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
N-Butanol	NZ HSWA 2015 - GRWM 2016 (New
	Zealand, 11/2020). Absorbed through skin.
	WES-Ceiling: 50 ppm
	WES-Ceiling: 150 mg/m ³
Ethyl Acetate	NZ HSWA 2015 - GRWM 2016 (New
	Zealand, 11/2020).
	WES-TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
	WES-TWA: 720 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Xylene, mixed isomers	NZ HSWA 2015 - GRWM 2016 (New
	Zealand, 11/2020).
	WES-TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	WES-TWA: 217 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Talc	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021).
	TWA: 2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable
	fraction
Titanium Dioxide	NZ HSWA 2015 - GRWM 2016 (New
	Zealand, 11/2020).
	WES-TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: The
	value for inhalable dust containing no
	asbestos and less than 1% free silica.
2-Butoxyethyl Acetate	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021).
, ,	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
Ethylbenzene	NZ HSWA 2015 - GRWM 2016 (New
	Zealand, 11/2020).
	WES-TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	WES-TWA: 434 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	WES-STEL: 543 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	WES-STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.
Carbon Black	NZ HSWA 2015 - GRWM 2016 (New
	Zealand, 11/2020).
	WES-TWA: 3 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
zinc oxide	NZ HSWA 2015 - GRWM 2016 (New
	Zealand, 11/2020).
	WES-TWA: 2 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	WES-STEL: 5 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	WES-TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: The
	value for respirable dust.
	WES-STEL: 0.5 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form:
	The value for respirable dust.
Appropriate engineering	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust
controls	ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne
	contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls
	also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive
	limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure
controls	they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some
	cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process
	equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
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	SHW-A4-AP-GHS-NZ

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Individual protection meas	<u>sures</u>
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance

Physical state	:	Liquid.
Colour	:	Grey.
Odour	:	Not available.
Odour threshold	:	Not available.
рН	:	Not applicable.
Melting point/freezing point	:	Not available.
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	1	70°C (158°F)
Flash point	:	Closed cup: -4°C (24.8°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]
Evaporation rate	:	3.91 (butyl acetate = 1)
Flammability	:	Not available.
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	:	Lower: 0.5% Upper: 19%
Vapour pressure	:	11.5 kPa (86 mm Hg)
Relative vapour density	:	1 [Air = 1]

Relative density	: 0.92
Solubility	: Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): <20.5 mm²/s (<20.5 cSt)
Aerosol product	
Type of aerosol	: Not applicable.
Heat of combustion	: 22.409 kJ/g
Ignition distance	: Not applicable.
Enclosed space ignition - Time equivalent	: Not applicable.
Enclosed space ignition - Deflagration density	: Not applicable.
Flame height	: Not applicable.
Flame duration	: Not applicable.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials
Hazardous decomposition products	 Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	: May cause damage to organs following a single exposure if inhaled.
Ingestion	 Harmful if swallowed. May cause damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Skin contact	: May cause damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Symptoms related to the ph	ysical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains nausea or vomiting reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Ethanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	124700 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7 g/kg	-
Toluene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	49 g/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	636 mg/kg	-
N-Butanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	24000 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	790 mg/kg	-
Ethyl Acetate	LD50 Oral	Rat	5620 mg/kg	-
Xylene, mixed isomers	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	6700 ppm	4 hours
•	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
2-Butoxyethyl Acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1500 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2400 mg/kg	-
Ethylbenzene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
2	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
Carbon Black	LD50 Oral	Rat	>15400 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Ethanol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
	-			mg	
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	0.066666666	-
				minutes 100	
				mg	
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 uL	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	400 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
				mg	
oluene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 minutes	-
				100 mg	
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	870 ug	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Pig	-	24 hours 250	-
				uL	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	435 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
				mg	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
I-Butanol	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2	-
				mg	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	0.005 MI	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
		D. L. L. K		mg	
Kylene, mixed isomers	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-

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Section 11. Toxi	cological information	tion			
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	-
	Okin Mild imitant	Det		mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant Skin - Moderate irritant	Rat Rabbit	-	8 hours 60 uL 24 hours 500	-
	Skill - Moderate Initalit	Rabbit	-		-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	_	mg 100 %	_
Talc	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	_	72 hours 300	_
		Taman		ug l	
Titanium Dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 300	-
				ug l	
Epoxy Polymer	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				UI	
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2	-
				mg	
2-Butoxyethyl Acetate	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
Ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15	-
		_		mg	
zinc oxide	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
	Skin Mild irritant	Dabbit		mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	

Sensitisation

Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

General	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to ve low levels.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: Suspected of damaging fertility.
<u>Chronic toxicity</u>	
Not available.	
Carcinogenicity	
Not available.	
<u>Mutagenicity</u>	
Not available.	
Teratogenicity	
Not available.	
Reproductive toxicity	

Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name		Route of exposure	Target organs
1-Butanol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Epoxy Polymer	Category 2	dermal	-

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Benzene, methyl-	Category 2	-	-
Acetic acid ethyl ester	Category 2	-	-
Benzene, dimethyl- mixed isomers	Category 2	-	-
Epoxy Polymer	Category 2	dermal	-
Ethanol, 2-butoxy-, acetate	Category 2	-	-
Benzene, ethyl-	Category 2	-	-

Aspiration hazard

Name Toluene Xylene, mixed isomers Ethylbenzene

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
WATTYL SUPER ETCH PRIMER	1506.7	4609.9	64010.2	47.3	N/A
Ethanol	7000	N/A	N/A	124.7	N/A
Benzene, methyl-	636	N/A	N/A	11	N/A
1-Butanol	790	3400	N/A	24	N/A
Acetic acid ethyl ester	5620	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Benzene, dimethyl- mixed isomers	500	1100	6700	N/A	N/A
Ethanol, 2-butoxy-, acetate	500	1500	N/A	11	N/A
Benzene, ethyl-	3500	N/A	N/A	11	N/A

Section 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

: This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Aquatic and terrestrial toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Ethanol	Acute EC50 17.921 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Acute EC50 2000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 25500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia franciscana - Larvae	48 hours
	Acute LC50 42000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	4 days
	Chronic NOEC 4.995 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 100 ul/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.375 ul/L Fresh water	Fish - Gambusia holbrooki - Larvae	12 weeks
Toluene	Acute EC50 >433 ppm Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 11600 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus	48 hours

	<u>-</u>	pseudolimnaeus - Adult	
	Acute EC50 6000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna -	48 hours
	Acute EC30 0000 µg/I Fresh water		40 110015
		Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	
	A suite LOEO EEOO wa/LEreeh water		
	Acute LC50 5500 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus kisutch - Fry	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
N-Butanol	Acute EC50 1983 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1730000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Ethyl Acetate	Acute EC50 2500000 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Selenastrum sp.	96 hours
	Acute LC50 750000 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus pulex	48 hours
	Acute LC50 154000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia cucullata	48 hours
	Acute LC50 212500 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Heteropneustes fossilis	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 2400 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 75.6 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas -	32 days
		Embryo	,
Xylene, mixed isomers	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes	48 hours
		pugio	
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Zinc Phosphate	Acute LC50 90 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
Titanium Dioxide	Acute LC50 >1000000 μg/l Marine	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours
	water		
Ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 4900 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	72 hours
-	Acute EC50 7700 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 6.53 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp	48 hours
		Nauplii	
	Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna -	48 hours
		Neonate	
	Acute LC50 4200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
zinc oxide	Acute IC50 1.85 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute LC50 98 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna -	48 hours
		Neonate	
	Acute LC50 1.1 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours

Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Ethanol	-	-	Readily
Toluene	-	-	Readily
N-Butanol	-	-	Readily
Ethyl Acetate	-	-	Readily
Xylene, mixed isomers	-	-	Readily
2-Butoxyethyl Acetate	-	-	Readily
Ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Toluene	-	90	low
Ethyl Acetate	-	30	low
Xylene, mixed isomers	-	8.1 to 25.9	low
Zinc Phosphate	-	60960	high
Epoxy Polymer	-	31	low
zinc oxide	-	28960	high

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SHW-A4-AP-GHS-NZ

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Marine Pollutant
New Zealand Class	UN1263	PAINT. Marine pollutant (Zinc Phosphate, Epoxy Polymer)	3	II		Yes.
ADG Class	UN1263	PAINT	3	II		Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
UN Class	UN1263	PAINT	3	Π		Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
ADR/RID Class	UN1263	PAINT	3	II		Yes.
IATA Class	UN1263	PAINT	3	11		Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
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Section 14.	Transp	ort information			
IMDG Class	JN1263	PAINT. Marine 3 pollutant (Zinc Phosphate, Epoxy Polymer)	Marine pollutant		
Additional					
information					
New Zealand Cla	ISS :	The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported Hazchem code •3YE	by road or rail.		
ADG Class	:	Hazchem code •3YE			
UN Class					
ADR/RID Class	:	The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. <u>Special provisions</u> 640 (C) <u>Tunnel code</u> D/E			
IATA Class		The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.			
IMDG Class	:				
PG* : Packing group	D				
NZ NZS 14 Hazche	m Code	: •3YE			
upri		: Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.			
Transport in bulk a to IMO instruments		: Not available.			
Section 15.	Regula	tory information			
HSNO Approval Nu	umber	: HSR002669			
HSNO Group Stan	dard	: Surface coatings and colourants			
HSNO Classificatio	on	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPO SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EX ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category	XPOSURE - Category 2		
Safety, health and environmental reg specific for the pro		 No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients). 			

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

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Section 15. Regulatory information

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC) Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of printing	: 12, June, 2022.
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 12, June, 2022
Date of previous issue	: 26, May, 2022
Version	: 8.02
Key to abbreviations	 ADG = Australian Dangerous Goods ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations
References	: Not available.

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become make themselves aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards that may be associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date mentioned herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can may change later the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall should not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by the manufacturer, including but not limited to, the incorporation of products not specified by the manufacturer, or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by the manufacturer. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for the use of the product are not under the manufacturer's control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to for determine determining the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS, without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be held responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.

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